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Cobtree Manor Estate

Trustee's Report and Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

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Reference and Administrative Details of the Charity, its Trustees and Advisers For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Trustees Maidstone Borough Council

There are no individual trustees. All elected members of the Maidstone Borough Council perform duties of trustees but are not trustees in their own right. A full list of members is available on request.

Charity registered number 283617

Principal office Maidstone Borough Council

Maidstone House King Street Maidstone Kent ME15 6JQ

Independent auditors UHY Kent LLP t/a UHY Hacker Young

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors

Thames House, Roman Square

Sittingbourne Kent ME10 4BJ

Bankers All funds are managed by Maidstone Borough Council at:

Lloyds Bank plc, City Office

Bailey Drive Gillingham Kent ME5 0LS

Solicitors Head of Legal Partnership

Mid-Kent Legal Services Maidstone Borough Council

Maidstone House Maidstone Kent ME15 6JQ

Trustee's Report

For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

The Maidstone Borough Council acting as Corporate Trustee to the registered Charity known as "Cobtree Manor Estate" presents its annual report in relation to the financial year ending 31 March 2022.

Trustees

The trustee who served during the year is shown on the information page.

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

Governing Object

The governing object of the Charity remains that defined in the lease of the Cobtree Estate dated 13 July 1971 between the Cobtree Charity Trust Limited (the lessor) and the Maidstone Borough Council (the lessee). The governing object is stated as:

"To hold Cobtree Manor and Cobtree Manor Estate for the benefit of the inhabitants of Maidstone and other members of the general public in one or other or all of the following ways:

- i) By maintaining the Cobtree Manor Estate as an open space as defined by the Open Spaces Act 1906 and if the lessees think fit providing thereat facilities for organised games and other sports".
- ii) With the consent of ...[the Cobtree Charity Trust Limited and the Kent County Council]... in such other way for the benefit of the inhabitants of Maidstone and other members of the general public as the Council shall from time to time think appropriate."

Object of the Charity

The late Sir Garrard Tyrwhitt-Drake bequeathed his former estate to the Cobtree Charity Trust Limited and set down in the codicils to his Will requirements for its future use. In seeking to interpret these, sometimes conflicting, codicils the Maidstone Borough Council and Cobtree Charity Trust Limited agreed that the Estate in its entirety, and the intended charitable objects, should be leased to and governed by, the Maidstone Borough Council.

The Maidstone Borough Council, as Corporate Trustee to the Charity, has determined and regularly reviews a series of policies to guide the actions of its Members and employees in fulfilling the governing object of the Charity.

Members of the Cobtree Manor Estate Charity Committee manage all aspects of the Charity on behalf of the Council. Informal liaison continues with the Trustees to the Cobtree Charity Trust Limited, particularly with regard to considering potential developments. Members of the Cobtree Charity Trust Limited are invited to attend the meetings of the Cobtree Manor Estate Charity Committee.

ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE

Organisation of the Charity

The Trustee to the Registered Charity known as the Cobtree Manor Estate remains the Corporate Body of the Maidstone Borough Council. How the functions of the Corporate Trustee are implemented is reiterated in the section above.

All individual elected Members to the Maidstone Borough Council are instructed to perform any duties and responsibilities they have in relation to the charity as though they were acting as individual trustees; albeit that they are not individual trustees in Charity Law. All elected Members and Officers of the Council are reminded of the Council's obligations to the Charity and how these need to be considered quite separately from the normal duties of the Council acting as the Local Authority. An A to Z "aid memoir" is made available to all Members and Officers via the Council's internal intranet site.

Under the terms of the lease upon which the Charity holds the Cobtree Manor Estate, and in the specified circumstances, the Council continues to liaise with both the freehold owner of the Estate, the Cobtree Charity Trust Limited, and the Kent County Council.

Advice to Trustees

The advice for trustees published by the Charity Commission is given to new members of the charity committee and new guidance is notified and made available to them as it is received from the Commission. Committee members have free access to all members of staff to ensure that they can be fully aware of the special considerations, activities and implications of, and for, the charity.

Trustee's Report

For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Activities

The following paragraphs are included to demonstrate how the Charity is meeting its obligation to provide a public benefit. The primary activities of the Charity are to manage and maintain three facilities to which the general public have access:

- the Cobtree Manor Park which is a parkland environment with woodland and meadows containing a wide variety of trees and shrubs and which is freely accessible to the general public, and
- the Cobtree Manor Park Golf Course which is a pay and play facility accessible to all, and
- Kent Life a farm heritage attraction, including a collection of historic artefacts, which is open to the public either on a pay on entry or through an annual membership fee.

Cobtree Golf Course

Year	Rounds Played
2012/2013	36,006
2013/2014	36,923
2014/2015	37,482
2015/2016	39,927
2016/2017	40,593
2017/2018	35,972
2018/2019	36,808
2019/2020	26,006
2020/2021	27,281
2021/2022	38,500

Rounds played in 2021/2022 was 38,500 which is the highest total since 2016/2017. The significant increase in golf participation seen during the Covid-19 pandemic has been sustained at Cobtree. Golf was one of the first leisure activities that could be done as each Covid lockdown period was eased, which resulted in many people playing at Cobtree in 2020/2021 when regulations permitted them to.

It is pleasing to see so many of these visitors continuing to visit and play Cobtree Manor Park Golf Course as we emerge from the pandemic.

Cobtree Manor Park

The park was awarded a Green Flag Award for 2021/2022.

The park has continued to attract extremely high visitor numbers in 2021/2022 as a result of the Covid-19 pandemic, although numbers were not as high as they were in 2020/2021. With restrictions limiting where people could go and what they could do, the park became a very busy destination every day of the pandemic and it's encouraging to see that so many of the new visitors it attracted in 2020 continued to visit in 2021.

Car park income totalled £132,532 for 2021/2022 Financial Year which was 15% down on 2020/2021, although 2020/2021 was a record year for car park sales. Compared to 2019/2020 the 2021/2022 figures are 20% higher.

The amalgamation of staff at Cobtree Manor Park with the parks and open spaces department at the council has been a real success. The park benefits from being part of a collective of parks with a management department behind it. Management is more resilient and the department ensures its collective skills and experiences are deployed at Cobtree.

Outdoor theatre returned in the summer of 2021, delivered by partners at the Hazlitt Theatre. The performances of Alice in Wonderland drew audiences of more than 250 each evening. Ticket prices were set at affordable family rates to enable theatre to be brought to new audiences. The Hazlitt team are returning in the summer of 2022 to deliver family outdoor theatre once again.

In December 2021 the park hosted the inaugural Glow event at Cobtree, a winter-themed lights trail throughout the park and woodland. It attracted thousands of visitors across a fortnight of evenings in the run up to Christmas. This event also returns in the winter of 2022 after a successful first year.

Trustee's Report

For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Kent Life

Having suffered multiple closures in 2020/2021 because of the Covid-19 pandemic, Kent Life recovered strongly in 2021/2022. Visitor numbers were limited by social distancing in the spring and early summer of 2021, but by the end of the year visitor numbers and school bookings were returning to normal.

The winter events programme was delivered on a smaller scale in 2021, so that the site could remain agile to any further Covid-19 outbreaks and restrictions. Into 2022 and the Kent Life management team is working on the creation of a new restaurant on site that will deliver a new larger menu offering to its many visitors.

Additional Volunteer Help and Intangible Income

The Cobtree Men's Shed group moved from its Elephant House location in spring 2022 and transferred to a vacant building at Kent Life. This venue, although smaller, gives the Shed Group better accessibility and a greater flow of customers.

The Shed Group is already contributing volunteer hours and carpentry items to Kent Life, including some new farmyard enclosures for the animals.

Review of Public Benefit

The Trustee continues to consider and ensure that the Charity meets its requirement to comply with the test of public benefit. The Cobtree Manor Park remains freely accessible to the general public and the pay and play golf course is accessible to all those who wish to take advantage of it facilities at reasonable cost, whilst Kent Life provides a varied family day out for a reasonable fee.

Related Party Disclosure

The Maidstone Borough Council is the Corporate Trustee of the Charity. In addition the Council itself owns part of the land upon which the Cobtree Manor Park Golf Course is built. The accounting arrangements between the Council and the Charity are that the Council is responsible for all receipts and payments for both the golf course and the Cobtree Manor Park. At the end of each financial year the total net operating surplus or deficit of the Manor Park is transferred to the Charity accounts. For the golf course 7/9ths of the total net operating surplus or deficit is transferred to the Charity accounts, reflecting the split of land ownership. The remaining 2/9ths are shown in the accounts of the Council.

The Council also employs a Manager who jointly manages Mote Park and the Manor Park. A park ranger employed by the council is assigned to the Manor Park also.. These posts exist as part of a service level agreement for parks and open spaces management of Cobtree Manor Park, the total cost of which is shown in the Charity accounts under the arrangements specified above. When required, additional labour for covering ranger holiday and some weekends in the summer season is also paid for by the Charity.

Other officers of the Council are engaged from time to time in duties specifically related to the operation and management of the Estate. They are not part of the aforementioned service level agreement and their time and associated costs are apportioned accordingly to the Cobtree accounts.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Financial Review and Investment Policy

Income for the year amounted to £494k, a slight increase on total income of £463k in the previous year. All main income classes shown on the Statement of Financial Activities ("SoFA)" remained consistent, although within the heading for income from charitable activities there were increases in Kent Life and café income and small reductions in car park and golf course income.

Charitable costs fell slightly to £484k from £500k in the previous year.

Before gains reported on investments this meant the result for the year was a surplus of £9k (2021: £36k). The £60k gain on investments (2021: £155k) brings net income for the year per the SoFA to £69k (2021: £119k). The gain on investments represents the movement in the year on the charity' listed investment securities, as shown in note 15.

The final movement in funds for the year relates to fixed asset revaluations. The carrying value of the fixed assets has been increased by £73k to reflect the latest valuations. The overall movement in funds was therefore an increase of £143k (2021: £59k).

The net surplus generated as per the Statement of Financial Accounts continued to be used to complete the repayment of debt due to the Maidstone Borough Council.

Trustee's Report

For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Interest due to the Charity in respect of the permanent endowment held on the Charity's behalf by the Borough Council is included as part of the unrestricted income.

The Trustee has now determined its preferred future development option for the Cobtree Manor Park; it is now seeking to identify sources of funding to implement this option.

The Balance sheet shows net assets at 31 March 2022 of £4.58m, up from £4.44m at the end of the prior year. Much of this value is related to the charity's tangible fixed assets and other investments held in endowment funds, which comprise £4.21m of the total. The remaining funds sit as unrestricted free reserves of £438k and negative restricted funds of £69k. This fund is in deficit as it comprises the net book value of the car park improvement works and the balance of the associated loan that funded them; the depreciation charge writing the asset off over its expected useful life has brought the carrying value of the asset down beneath the value of the remaining loan balance. This is not considered to be a concern and will catch up in time when more of the loan is repaid.

Reserves Policy

Restricted reserves are maintained in respect of the permanent endowment funds.

Risk Management

The Trustee continues to review the business and operational risks which the Charity faces, and identifies where appropriate steps to minimise the impact of any identified risks. All contractors working on the Estate are also required to undertake risk assessments appropriate to their activities.

PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIODS

The Trustee has now implemented the master plan for the Cobtree Manor Park and has used reserve funds for its implementation, with the permission of the Charity Commission, which will gradually be re-paid. In future a master plan for the estate as a whole will need to be devised.

TRUSTEE'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Trustee is responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and the United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the trustee to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the Charity's financial activities during the year and of its financial position at the end of the year. In preparing these statements the Trustee is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Charity will continue in business

The Trustee has overall responsibility for ensuring that the Charity has appropriate systems of controls, financial and otherwise. It is also responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Charity and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report was approved by the Trustee and signed on its behalf by

Councillor Chairman of the Cobtree Manor Estate Charity Committee

Date:

NB: There are no individual trustees. All elected members of the Maidstone Borough Council perform duties of trustees but are not trustees in their own right. A full list of members is available on request.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Cobtree Manor Estate

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Cobtree Manor Estate (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has been withdrawn.

This has been done in order for the accounts to provide a true and fair view in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Practice effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon. The Trustee are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Cobtree Manor Estate (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the Trustee's Report is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Trustee's Responsibilities Statement, the Trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

How the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the charity through discussions with management, and from our commercial knowledge and experience of the charity and not-for-profit sector;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the accounts or the operations of the charity, including the Charities Act 2011;
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team and the team remained alert to instances of non compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the charity's accounts to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates set out in the accounting policies were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Cobtree Manor Estate (continued)

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance; and
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. As a result there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' Report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and its trustees, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

UHY Kent LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors Thames House, Roman Square Sittingbourne Kent ME10 4BJ

Date:

UHY Kent LLP t/a UHY Hacker Young are eligible to act as auditors in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of financial activities For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

		Unrestricted		Endowment	Total	Total
		funds	Restricted funds	funds	funds	funds
	Note	2022 £	2022 £	2022 £	2022 £	2021 £
Income and endowments from:						
Donations and legacies	3	-	34,596	-	34,596	27,041
Charitable activities	4	373,420	-	-	373,420	352,040
Other trading activities	5	43,331	-	-	43,331	47,771
Investments	6	42,236	-	-	42,236	36,155
Total income and endowments		458,987	34,596	-	493,583	463,007
Expenditure on:						
Charitable activities	7	330,382	77,456	76,547	484,385	499,564
Total expenditure		330,382	77,456	76,547	484,385	499,564
Net income/(expenditure) before net gains on		120 (05	(42.900)	(7(547)	0.100	(27, 557)
investments		128,605	(42,860)	(76,547) 60,150	9,198	(36,557)
Net gains on investments				00,130	60,150	155,245
Net income/(expenditure)		128,605	(42,860)	(16,397)	69,348	118,688
Transfers between funds	21	(85,392)	46,034	39,358	-	-
			*			
Net movement in funds before other recognised						
gains/(losses)		43,213	3,174	22,961	69,348	118,688
Other recognised gains/(losses):						
Gains/(losses) on revaluation of fixed assets		-	-	73,142	73,142	(60,000)
Net movement in funds		43,213	3,174	96,103	142,490	58,688
Daniel Control						
Reconciliation of funds:		205 107	(72,000)	A 115 5 A 7	1 120 (1)	4 270 050
Total funds brought forward Net movement in funds		395,197 43,213	(72,098) 3,174	4,115,547 96,103	4,438,646 142,490	4,379,958 58,688
		43,213	3,174	90,103	142,490	30,000
Total funds carried forward		438,410	(68,924)	4,211,650	4,581,136	4,438,646

The Statement of Financial Activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

The notes on pages 11 to 25 form part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2022

					As restated
	Note		2022 £		2021 £
Fixed assets	Note		£		L
Tangible assets	13		2,439,443		2,552,165
Investments	15		885,543		825,393
Investment property	14		1,102,500		1,000,000
		-	4,427,486	_	4,377,558
Current assets					
Debtors	16	307,842		257,914	
Cash at bank and in hand		182,779		242,668	
	_	490,621	_	500,582	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	17	(201,939)		(165,167)	
Net current assets	_		288,682		335,415
Total assets less current liabilities			4,716,168	_	4,712,973
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one	10	7	(125,022)		(25.1.225)
year	18		(135,032)		(274,327)
Total net assets		-	4,581,136	_	4,438,646
		=		=	
Charity funds					
Endowment funds	21		4,211,650		4,115,547
Restricted funds	21		(68,924)		(72,098)
Unrestricted funds	21		438,410		395,197
Total funds		-	4,581,136	_	4,438,646
		=		_	

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Trustee and signed on their behalf by:

Councillor Patrik Garten

Chairman of the Cobtree Manor Estate Charity Committee

Date:

The notes on pages 11 to 25 form part of these financial statements.

1. General information

Cobtree Manor Estate is an unincorporated charity with the charity number 283617.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) (second edition) - Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective March 2018), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

Cobtree Manor Estate meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy.

2.2 Going concern

The trustees assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate i.e. whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charitable company to continue as a going concern

The trustees make this assessment in respect of a period of at least one year from the date of authorisation for issue of the financial statements.

The impact of the Covid-19 pandemic on operations has now largely ceased. The golf course contractor is now paying their rent on an amended basis, with a performance element now forming part of the annual payment. However, the recovery from the pandemic has been strong at the golf course, and this has been reflected in those performance payments. Elsewhere on the estate the Kent Life attraction and the café are both operating as they were prior to the pandemic and meeting their agreed contractual obligations.

Going forward the golf course contract is due to cease at the end of September 2023, and changes in the market for such contracts means that the Estate is anticipating a drop in the annual rental payments.

Conclusion

Prudent revised forecasts have been prepared for the coming year, taking the above into account, and using the assumption that the charity will be able to continue providing services even in the event of any future lockdown periods.

Taking the above into account the trustees have concluded there are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern and that it remains appropriate to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

2.3 Income

All income is recognised once the charity has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably.

2.4 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Expenditure (continued)

Expenditure on charitable activities is incurred on directly undertaking the activities which further the charity's objectives, as well as any associated support costs.

2.5 Intangible assets and amortisation

Material intangible assets are capitalised and recognised when future economic benefits are probable and the cost or value of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost net of amortisation and any provision for impairment.

Amortisation is provided on the following basis:

Website development - 25 % straight line

2.6 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are carried at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of financial activities.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of tangible fixed assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following bases:

Long-term leasehold property - 0 - 12.5%on cost Motor vehicles -

Fixtures and fittings - 10-25% on cost

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Long-term leasehold property includes Cobtree Manor Park Golf Course, Kent Life Museum and Cobtree Manor Park Visitor centre. As disclosed in note 13 these are held under a 999 year lease. No depreciation is charged on these assets on the basis that they are revalued annually.

Leasehold property also includes, at cost, improvements at the Cobtree Play Area and to the car park at Cobtree Manor Park. These assets are depreciated over their deemed useful lives.

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Investments

Fixed asset investments are a form of financial instrument and are initially recognised at their transaction cost and subsequently measured at their fair value at the Balance sheet date for investment properties and closing quoted market price for other listed investments.

All gains and losses are taken to the Statement of financial activities as they arise. Realised gains and losses on investments are calculated as the difference between sales proceeds and their opening carrying value or their purchase value if acquired subsequent to the first day of the financial year. Unrealised gains and losses are calculated as the difference between the fair value at the year end and their carrying value. Investment gains and losses, whether realised or unrealised, are combined and shown in the heading 'Gains/(losses) on investments' in the Statement of financial activities.

Investment properties are measured at fair value at each reporting date with changes in fair value recognised in 'gains on revaluation of fixed assets' and added to the endowment fund to which they relate.

2.8 Financial instruments

The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value with the exception of bank loans which are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.9 Fund accounting

General funds are unrestricted funds which are available for use at the discretion of the Trustee in furtherance of the general objectives of the charity and which have not been designated for other purposes.

Restricted funds are funds which are to be used in accordance with specific restrictions imposed by donors or which have been raised by the charity for particular purposes. The costs of raising and administering such funds are charged against the specific fund. The aim and use of each restricted fund is set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Investment income, gains and losses are allocated to the appropriate fund.

3. Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Restricted funds 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £	Total funds 2021 £
Will Trust income Donations	-	34,596	34,596	26,465 576
	- -	34,596	34,596	27,041
Analysis of 2021 total by fund	576	26,465	27,041	

4.	Income from charitable activities			
		Unrestricted funds 2022	Total funds 2022 £	Total funds 2021 £
	Golf club revenue	131,309	131,309	133,745
	Cafe income	33,140	33,140	17,924
	Car park income	135,371	135,371	146,641
	Kent Life income	73,600	73,600	53,730
		373,420	373,420	352,040
	Analysis of 2021 total by fund	352,040	352,040	
5.	Income from other trading activities			
	Income from non charitable trading activities			
		Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £	Total funds 2021 £
	Rental income	43,331	43,331	47,771
	Analysis of 2021 total by fund	47,771	47,771	
6.	Investment income			
		Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £	Total funds 2021 £
	Investment income	42,236	42,236	36,155
	Analysis of 2021 total by find	36,155	36,155	
	Analysis of 2021 total by fund		30,133	

8.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

7. Analysis of expenditure on charitable activities

Summary by fund type

Analysis of 2021 total

	Unrestricted funds 2022	Restricted funds 2022	Endowment funds 2022 £	Total 2022 £	Total 2021 £
Charitable activities	330,382	77,456	76,547	484,385	499,564
Analysis of 2021 total	357,894	65,123	76,547	499,564	
Summary by expenditure type					
	Staff costs 2022 £	Depreciation 2022	Other costs 2022	Total 2022 £	Total 2021 £
Charitable activities		122,722	361,663	484,385	499,564
Analysis of 2021 total	87,458	122,722	289,384	499,564	
Analysis of expenditure by activities					
			Direct costs 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £	Total funds 2021 £
Charitable activities			484,385	484,385	499,564
					_

499,564

499,564

9.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

8. Analysis of expenditure by activities (continued)

Analysis of direct costs

	Total funds 2022	Total funds 2021
	£	£
Staff salaries	-	87,458
Staff costs	5,189	10,111
Staff recharges	72,875	71,661
Parks and open spaces	121,372	-
Repairs and maintenance	65,613	66,925
Grounds maintenance	17,595	30,327
Rent and rates	5,238	-
Heat and light	15,943	8,778
Insurance	12,758	11,370
Cleaning	7,520	8,502
Printing, postage and stationery	-	193
Legal and professional fees	9,684	12,086
Other fees and services	8,047	24,685
Equipment hire and maintenance	15,627	37,737
Loan interest	4,202	7,009
Depreciation	122,722	122,722
	484,385	499,564
Auditors' remuneration		
	2022 £	2021 £
Fees payable to the charity's auditor for the audit of the charity's annual accounts	5,700	5,545

10. Staff costs

In the prior year, Maidstone Borough Council employed various staff whose roles existed solely for the benefit of the Charity. These costs were recharged to the Charity and, to reflect the substance of the arrangement, reflected in the accounts as staff costs. This arrangement was not in place for 2022.

	2022 £	2021 £
Wages and salaries (including agency staff)	-	69,350
Social security costs	-	5,924
Contribution to defined contribution pension schemes	-	12,184
		87,458
The average number of persons employed by the charity during the year was as follows:	2022	2021
	No.	No.
Park Ranger	-	1
Manager	-	1
		2

No employee received remuneration amounting to more than £60,000 in either year.

The corporate trustee, Maidstone Borough Council, is considered to be the key management personnel of the charity. No employee benefits were paid to the trustee during the year $(2021 - \pounds Nil)$.

11. Trustee's remuneration and expenses

During the year, no Trustees received any remuneration or other benefits (2021 - £NIL).

During the year ended 31 March 2022, no Trustee expenses have been incurred (2021 - £NIL).

12.	Intangible	assets
-----	------------	--------

	Website development £
Cost	
At 1 April 2021	50,000
At 31 March 2022	50,000
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2021	50,000
At 31 March 2022	50,000
Net book value	
At 31 March 2022	
At 31 March 2021	

13. Tangible fixed assets

leasehold		Fixtures and fittings	Total £
₩			
2,752,511	8,323	58,523	2,819,357
10,000	-	-	10,000
2,762,511	8,323	58,523	2,829,357
230,410	1,664	35,118	267,192
115,205	1,664	5,853	122,722
345,615	3,328	40,971	389,914
2,416,896	4,995	17,552	2,439,443
2,522,101	6,659	23,405	2,552,165
	leasehold property £ 2,752,511 10,000 2,762,511 230,410 115,205 345,615	2,752,511 8,323 10,000 - 2,762,511 8,323 230,410 1,664 115,205 1,664 345,615 3,328	leasehold property £ Motor vehicles £ Fixtures and fittings £

13. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

The estate is held under a 999 year lease which is due to expire in 2970. The long leasehold land and buildings are used solely for direct charitable purposes and form part of the permanent endowment of the Charity.

All properties are revalued annually by a professional firm of chartered surveyors periodically, using a 'market approach'. The last valuation took place in March 2022.

The carrying amount under the cost model of the assets which have been revalued would have been £1,673,127 (2021 - £1,673,127).

14. Investment property

	Long term leasehold
	investment property
Valuation	£
At 1 April 2021	1,000,000
Additions	39,358
Surplus/(deficit) on revaluation	63,142
At 31 March 2022	1,102,500

The investment properties are held to generate a rental income stream for the Charity. All investment properties are revalued by a professional firm of chartered surveyors on an annual cycle (subject to existing tenancies where appropriate). A valuation took place in March 2022.

One exception to this is the Tyland Farm property which is carried at £Nil value on an EUV basis. This property is currently let, with a peppercorn rent, on a 125 year lease ending in 2117. No readily available market value was available for this property at 31 March 2022 and hence the EUV basis is deemed to be the most appropriate basis available without undue cost to the Charity.

15. Fixed asset investments

	Listed investments £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 April 2021	825,393
Revaluations	60,150
At 31 March 2022	885,543
Net book value	
At 31 March 2022	885,543
At 31 March 2021	825,393

15. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Material investments

The above listed investments are fully invested in the M&G Charifund, which qualifies as an alternative investment fund.

Risk profile

The fund invests mainly in the shares of UK listed dividend paying companies, and a portion of the fund is also invested in the shares of dividend paying companies listed overseas. It is, therefore, subject to the price volatility of the UK and overseas stockmarkets and the performance of individual companies. The fund may also be subject to fluctuations in currency exchange rates.

The fund's focus is on good quality companies with attractive dividend growth prospects. Dividend distributions from the fund's holdings however are not guaranteed and may vary. Diversification across industries and market capitalisation is key in managing liquidity risk and reducing market risk. The fund's risks are measured and managed by M&G as an integral part of the investment process.

16. Debtors

	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors	45,467	220,279
Other debtors	22,524	-
Prepayments and accrued income	239,851	37,635
	307,842	257,914
17. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2022 £	As restated 2021 £
Other taxation and social security	-	251
Amount owed to Maidstone Borough Council	196,239	159,371
Other creditors	5,700	5,545
	201,939	165,167

A formal repayment agreement was established with Maidstone Borough Council for the charity to repay the money loaned by the the Council in respect of capital expenditure in respect of the improvement to Cobtree Manor Park car park.

Repayments began from 1 April 2019 once the work was complete, and interest is payable at a rate of 3% (Public Works Loan Board rate 2% plus 1%). The total balance owing to the Council in respect of the car park loan at 31 March 2022 was £262,213 (2021 - £304,045).

In addition to the car park loan the total balance owed to the Council also includes other amounts of £69,058 (2021 - £129,653). The combined total of £331,271 (2021 - £433,698) has been split between amounts falling due within one year (as above) and after more than one year (see note 18).

885,543

825,393

19.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

18. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2022 £	As restated 2021 £
Amount owed to Maidstone Borough Council	135,032	274,327
See narrative at the end of note 17 explaining the balance owed to the Council.		
Financial instruments		
Financial assets	2022 £	2021 £

Financial assets measured at fair value through income and expenditure comprise listed investments.

Financial assets measured at fair value through income and expenditure

20. Prior year adjustments

A prior year adjustment has been made to the correct the loan element of the amount owed to Maidstone Borough Council. This was incorrectly disclosed due to expected loan repayments, part of the overall balance owing to Maidstone Borough Council, not being made as per the loan agreement. The loan is treated as a restricted creditor.

The effect of the prior year adjustment has been to reduce restricted funds as at 31 March 2021 by £104,470 and increase unrestricted funds by the same amount. After correcting the loan balance the split of creditors has also been amended; creditors falling due within one year as at 31 March 2021 have been reduced by £139,294 and creditors falling due after more than one year increased by the same amount.

The prior year adjustment therefore has no impact on the Statement of Financial Activities nor the overall net asset position reflected on the Balance Sheet.

21. Statement of funds

Statement of funds - current year

	As restated Balance at 1 April 2021 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Transfers in/out £	Gains/ (Losses)	Balance at 31 March 2022 £
Unrestricted funds						
General funds	395,197	458,987	(330,382)	(85,392)	-	438,410
Endowment funds						
Endowment capital funds	4,115,547	-	(76,547)	39,358	133,292	4,211,650
Restricted funds				Y		
Will Trust	-	34,596	(34,596)	-	-	-
Cobtree Manor Park car park	231,947	-	(38,658)	-	-	193,289
MBC car park loan	(304,045)	-	(4,202)	46,034	-	(262,213)
	(72,098)	34,596	(77,456)	46,034	-	(68,924)
Total of funds	4,438,646	493,583	(484,385)	<u> </u>	133,292	4,581,136

Unrestricted Funds

These comprise funds that the trustees are free to use in accordance with the charitable objects.

Restricted Funds

The Will Trust Fund, the income from which is used to maintain the rural park. The assets of this fund are held by Cobtree Charity Trust Limited, a separate entity.

Cobtree Manor Park car park and associated loan from MBC - this represents the net book value of the car park and the amount of the outstanding associated loan.

Permanent Endowment Capital Fund

The permanent endowment capital fund comprises the long-term fixed assets of the charity, being the long-leasehold land and buildings, investment properties and the portfolio of listed investments as detailed in notes 13, 14 and 15.

21. Statement of funds (continued)

Statement of funds - prior year

	As restated Balance at I April 2020 £	Income £	Expenditure £	As restated Transfers in/out £	Gains/ (Losses) £	Balance at 31 March 2021 £
Unrestricted funds						
General funds	344,363	436,542	(396,552)	10,844		395,197
Endowment capital funds			^			
Endowment capital funds	4,096,849	-	(76,547)	-	95,245	4,115,547
Restricted funds				7		
Will Trust	-	26,465	(26,465)	-	-	-
Cobtree Manor Park car park	270,605	7-	// -	(38,658)	-	231,947
MBC car park loan	(331,859)	-	-	27,814	-	(304,045)
	(61,254)	26,465	(26,465)	(10,844)	-	(72,098)
Total of funds	4,379,958	463,007	(499,564)	_	95,245	4,438,646
i otai oi iunus	1,377,750		(177,501)			

22. Analysis of net assets between funds

Analysis of net assets between funds - current year

	Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Restricted funds 2022	Endowment funds 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £
Tangible fixed assets	22,547	193,289	2,223,607	2,439,443
Fixed asset investments	-	-	885,543	885,543
Investment property	-	-	1,102,500	1,102,500
Current assets	490,621	-	-	490,621
Creditors due within one year	(74,758)	(127,181)	-	(201,939)
Creditors due in more than one year	<u>-</u>	(135,032)	-	(135,032)
Total	438,410	(68,924)	4,211,650	4,581,136

22. Analysis of net assets between funds (continued)

The restricted creditor balances relate to balances owed to the corporate trustee, Maidstone Borough Council, in respect of funds provided during 2018-19 to fund the new car park works that have been capitalised as tangible fixed asset additions. It is a requirement of the repayment agreement for these amounts to be treated as and disclosed as a restricted balance in the annual accounts.

Analysis of net assets between funds - prior year

	As restated Unrestricted funds	J	Endowment funds	Total funds
	2021	2021 £	2021 £	2021 £
		*	£	L.
Tangible fixed assets	30,064	231,947	2,290,154	2,552,165
Fixed asset investments	-	-	825,393	825,393
Investment property	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000
Current assets	500,582	-	-	500,582
Creditors due within one year	(135,449)	(29,718)	-	(165,167)
Creditors due in more than one year	-	(274,327)	-	(274,327)
Total	395,197	(72,098)	4,115,547	4,438,646

2021

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2022

23. Related party transactions

Maidstone Borough Council (MBC) is the Corporate Trustee of the Charity.

MBC owns part of the land upon which the golf course is built. The accounting arrangements between MBC and the charity are that MBC is responsible for all receipts and payments for both the golf course and the Manor Park. At the end of each financial year the the income and expenditure relating to Cobtree Manor Estate is shown in the Charity's accounts.

For the golf course 7/9ths of the total revenue is transferred to the trust accounts, reflecting the split of land ownership. The remaining 2/9ths are shown in the accounts of the Council.

The Statement of Financial Activities includes income of £209,236 (2021 - £207,981) in relation to operating the estate in accordance with this arrangement, as broken down below.

2022

	2022	2021
	£	£
Golf club revenue	131,309	133,745
Will trust income	34,596	26,465
Rental income	43,331	47,771
	209,236	207,981

Expenditure reflected through the Statement of Financial Activities includes operating costs in relation to income streams above.

As disclosed in note 10, in the prior year MBC employed staff whose roles existed solely for the benefit of the Charity, and hence the cost of their employment was shown within staff costs. In total, staff costs include £Nil (2021 - £87,458) of recharged employment costs.

During the year MBC provided various other services to the Charity, which have been included within direct charitable expenditure. Total recharges of £207,122 (2021 - £18,193) were made for these services. This total comprises: Parks & Open Space - £121,372; staff recharges - £72,875; legal and professional fees - £9,684; equipment hire and maintenance - £1,641; other fees and services - £787 and staff uniforms - £763.

At 31 March 2022, the Charity owed £237,378 (2021 - £433,698) to Maidstone Borough Council.

24.

Controlling party

The Charity is under the control of the Corporate Trustee, Maidstone Borough Council.

25. Taxation

Cobtree Manor Estate is a registered charity and is therefore potentially exempt from taxation on its income and gains as the charity falls within the definition of a charitable trust as defined in Part 1, Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010. No tax charge has arisen during the year.